Teaching ML in Compact Courses

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ECMLPKDD2020 Teaching ML Workshop Satellite
Event
September 8, 2020

Who are we?

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Our dataset

Anne's

- one deep learning workshop in 2019
 - About 35 learners
 - 2 days of teaching & practicals (carpentry style)
- 3 deep learning work-along & study group sessions
 - 1/2 hour teaching
 - 1.5 to 2 hours bring-your-own-data and discussion

Peter's

- two deep learning bootcamps in 2017 and 2018
 - 1 week each
 - 3.5 days of teaching
 - 1 day bring-your-own-data
- one deep learning hackathon in 2019
- background: PhD students/PostDocs/RGL from natural science(s), business, engineering, digital humanities

Agenda

"Ten Simple Rules for Running Interactive Workshops"

Katrina Pavelin, Sangya Pundir, Jennifer A. Cham (2014)

1: Decide Whether an Interactive Workshop Is the Right Choice

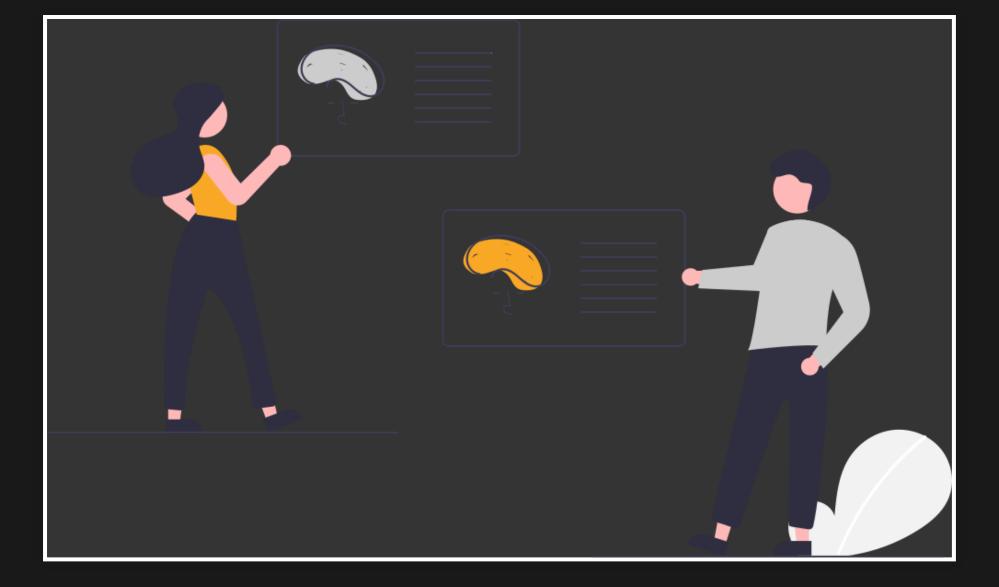
- Interactivity helps to satisfy all the learners (optional exercises, discussion)
- Co-develop training material with other instructors and on-board helpers
- Hard to correctly communicate learning objectives (learners often read "buzz" words only)

- teaching interactively is always a good choice
- potpourri of speakers is hard to synchronize in one week (teaching style, notation, exercises)
- single material or single speaker better during the event

2: Choose Participants Carefully

- First come, first served (university policy)
 - very unhomogeneous classroom
- Much more homogeneous crowd with workalong and bring-your-own-data
- Lesson learned: select attendees:
 - ask about learning objectives, and
 - how they will be using what they learn

communicating course content super tricky



3: Identify Suitable Activities

ice breaker, game, world of cloud



- started with transfer learning
 (run your first deep learning within half a day)
- pelaborate on this (NN, Loss, SGD/Optimization, ...)
- tun example code in ready-made jupyter notebooks

4: Identify Facilitators and Brief Them

- 2 **helpers** for workshops:
 - facilitators are even more important for online workshops (zoom host, hackMD host, helpers, etc.)
- for work-along and study groups, instructor also had the role of facilitator:
 - possible with small groups only

used local cluster with jupyterhub interface

- accounts for externals
- no HPC
- test, test, test before the workshop
- next time: colab



5: Consider Logistics, Facilities, and How to Record Outcomes

- **Delegate** logistics to Science Library:
 - used to organize workshops/events
 - makes it much easier for instructors
 - can get first help when starting the event
 - loan laptops when required
- standard classroom for workshops and cabaret settings for work-along & study groups

teaching = ___ based & coop prepared



6: Plan the Agenda

- Used a template from The Carpentries:

 - plan for optional exercises
 long breaks for informal discussions

leave room for breaks



- keep strictly to 7h max per day
- dedicated breaks/sessions
 - lightning talks (first day self-introduction)
 - poster discussionsindustry talks

7: Market Your Interactive Workshop As a Networking Opportunity

Ice breaker: **



- have a short game on how neural networks work effectively (using sticky notes for weights, etc.)
- 🛌 📥 Long breaks for informal discussions

- learners bring a A1 poster to explain their data/problem
 - one longer break per day so people can discuss the posters
 - activity so that all learners cover at least
 3-4 posters ()
- bring-your-own-data as self-organized unhackathon

8: Get the Best from Your Participants

- had 1/2 hour morning coffee
- help desk before the workshop
- encourage more advance learners to help

- used indico served workshop website as central resource (provide materials, announce schedule changes, ...)
- a use hackmd/etherpad for topic blocks to collect notes as class
- used t-shirts to indicate helpers/teachers and learners
- do quality assurance survey (online during workshop)

9: Follow Up with Your Facilitators and Create a Post-Workshop Report

- Gave a certificate to helpers (at their demand)

- tricky to do follow-ups with instructors (typically busy in day job)
- Learner of the contract of the co
- have post-mortem meeting with all helpers/teachers
 (qualitative and quantitative feedback)

10: Follow Up with Your Participants

Follow up with work along and study group activities

- postcards from your future self
 - have learners write a postcard to their future self
 - send out 6 months past workshop
- blog post
- highlights on social media (return rate 20-30% of participants)

Summaries

in one slide

Anne acknowledges

- Carpentry@UiO and its StudyGroup and in particular Naoe Tatara and Annika Rockenberger
- Department of Geosciences, University of Oslo: Ana Costa Conrado and Jean laquinta

Peter acknowledges

- MPI CBG: Reni Schimmel, Florian Jug, Uwe Schmidt, Martin Weigert, Gene Myers
- Scionics: Jeff Oegema, Ian Henry
- TU Dresden: Walter de Back, Nico Hoffmann
- Zalando Research: Kashif Rasul